

Pointed Paragraphs.

It is only safe to give a man authority when he is grounded in affection.

When a man tries to hide his sins he always finds that his sins hide God.

Half the enjoyment of being married is thinking what a lot of enjoyment you had before you were married.

LIKE A MILD INTOXICANT.

Effect of Fumes Thrown Off from Brewing Vats.

Burton-on-Trent, the center of the English brewing industries, has the peculiar faculty of mildly intoxicating the stranger within its gates. The resident has become accustomed to the mildly alcoholic fumes which arise from the innumerable brewing vats, but the susceptible stranger finds exhilaration and finally a mild form of intoxication in the atmosphere—an effect which does not wear off for several hours after his arrival. On every hand the big brewing houses are throwing off fumes from the vats of malted liquors and while these are imperceptible to the resident, more than a thousand authentic instances are said to have been recorded of persons to whom the air has proved to possess properties that both cheer and inebriate.

Just as in certain parts of the west the arsenious fumes from the smelters destroy vegetation and imperil health, the vapors of the English brewing capital destroy the sobriety of the abstrainer and fill his head with vagrant fancies. As many visitors to the place are actuated by a desire to see for themselves the great industry which they are doing their modest best to suppress, and as they are the most sensitive to the atmosphere of the town, those who gain their living from the breweries take great delight in observing these involuntary lapses from principles.

Modern Schools Criticized.

Prof. H. C. Annsling, in a recent address in London, said that school and college education were mostly destructive of common sense. The classical school was not a school of thought, but of prejudice, and under the present unfortunate system of education it was chiefly the games which promoted alertness, individuality and common sense.

Hitherto it has been supposed that electric light is more injurious to the eyesight than any other artificial light, but Russian oculists who have been closely studying the subject now maintain that, on the contrary, it is less injurious than the light either of gas or candles or any other material.

CRUSHED.

"He bade fair to achieve great artistic success, didn't he?"

"Yes."

"And what blighted his ambition?"

"It wasn't blighted. It was crushed."

"Crushed!"

"He married a widow who weighed 200 pounds."—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

Prejudice is the basest counterfeit of principle.

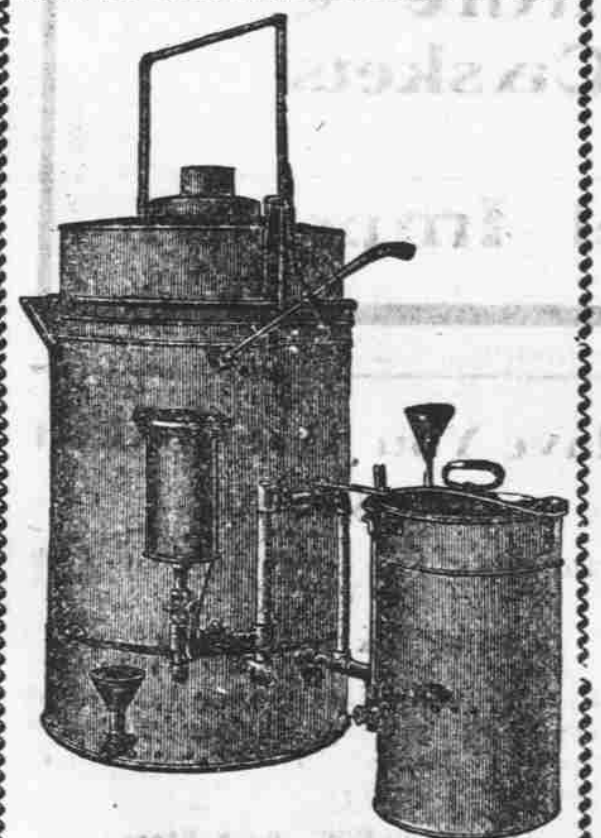
So. 34.

Gas Light for Country Homes.

Small country homes, as well as large ones, may be lighted by the best light known—ACETYLENE GAS—it is easier on the eyes than any other illuminant, cheaper than kerosene, as convenient as city gas, brighter than electricity and safer than any.

No ill-smelling lamps to clean, and no chimneys or mantels to break. For light cooking it is convenient and cheap.

ACETYLENE is made in the basement and piped to all rooms and out-buildings. Complete plant costs no more than a hot air furnace.



PILOT Automatic Gas Light

make the gas. They are perfect in construction, reliable, safe and simple.

Our booklet, "After Sunset," tells more about ACETYLENE—sent free on request.

Dealers or others interested in the sale of ACETYLENE apparatus write us for selling plan on PILOT Generators and supplies—it is a paying proposition for reliable workers.

ACETYLENE APPARATUS MFG. CO., 157 Michigan Avenue, CHICAGO, ILL.

SOUTHERN FARM NOTES.

TOPICS OF INTEREST TO THE PLANTER, STOCKMAN AND TRUCK GROWER.

Preparing Land for Alfalfa.

R. J. C. Franklin, writes: "I have about three acres of land which I desire to seed in alfalfa. For the past four years I have been seeding this down to crimson clover in the fall, turning this under in the spring and planting corn. The land is medium stiff with clay subsoil. I would like your advice how to proceed to get the land in alfalfa. I have another piece of land that has only been in cultivation since last year. Last year it was seeded to cowpeas and in the fall to crimson clover, wheat, rye and oats. Would you advise seeding this land to alfalfa?"

Answer—It would be well for you to turn under the crimson clover on the land intended for alfalfa, plow it down deeply, work carefully, and seed to cowpeas as soon as possible. Plow under these about the first of September, and subsoil at the same time, going down as deeply as possible behind the turning plow. You can not get too much vegetable matter and nitrogen in the soil for alfalfa nor make the land too rich. When you sow the cowpeas you might make an application of 200 pounds of sixteen per cent. acid phosphate and fifty pounds of muriate of potash, and repeat this application when you seed the alfalfa. Sow at the rate of twenty pounds of seed, and inoculate either by soil or artificial cultures as you see fit. After the alfalfa is up a light application of nitrate of soda, say, fifty pounds per acre, will be beneficial. Do not clip or pasture the alfalfa during the fall. If a good stand is obtained it may be cut for hay the next year when just coming into bloom. If it seems sickly and is yellowish in appearance, clip frequently throughout the summer.

The other piece of land which you intend to put in alfalfa should be treated somewhat the same. If it is poor it is hardly worth while to sow alfalfa on it until it has been made rich and freed of weeds, for weeds constitute one of the most serious drawbacks to alfalfa culture. If you do seed to alfalfa sow the cowpeas at once and plow them under and treat as already outlined. If conditions are unfavorable for seeding in the fall it would be better to again sow the land to crimson clover, or some other winter growing legume and break up early in the spring and seed the alfalfa at that time. If the ground is dry and the season backward the alfalfa will not germinate and make a good stand before cold weather comes on, and it is hardly worth while to seed it, as it will be almost certain to result in failure.—Professor Soule.

Inoculating Land for Cowpeas.

E. A. S. Richmond, Va., writes: "I would like some suggestions as to what would be the best way to inoculate 600 acres for cowpeas."

Answer: Peas often do fairly well without inoculation, as the seed is large and very often covered with the bacteria which produce the nodules for this particular crop. When grown on poor land the first year, however, they are likely to show a large number of nodules, and therefore inoculation is a matter of some considerable concern. We would be glad to send you the inoculating material from the station if it were possible for so large an area, but it would cost you considerable, and it is likely that you could arrange to get a few loads of earth from a field which grew the peas successfully last year, but you should be certain that the peas formed a large number of nodules. Get about 200 pounds of earth for each acre you intend to sow in peas and mix with the seed and drill together, or you could broadcast the earth over the land and then go ahead and seed the peas. One hundred pounds of earth are often considered sufficient, but it is better and safer, as a rule, to use 200 pounds. You could probably get the earth at a lower cost than we could furnish you the material, and it is doubtful if we could undertake to furnish enough for 600 acres, as the demand on us for small amounts is very great, and we are having great difficulty in getting out enough bacteria for the principal leguminous crops to supply the needs of the small farmer. Soil inoculation is safe and is recognized as effective and under the circumstances I feel justified in advising strongly the importance of inoculating your land for black peas.—Andrew M. Soule.

Destroying Sassafras Sprouts.

W. I. C. Stewartville, writes: "I would like to know how to kill sassafras sprouts. I used lime and have succeeded in getting red clover on part of it, but the sassafras seems to get thicker each year. I have heard that common salt would kill the stuff, and I fear if I put it on thick enough to kill the sassafras it would kill the trees."

Answer—The most effective method of destroying sassafras sprouts that has come to my attention is through

the use of a very heavy strong plow that can be run at a depth of ten or twelve inches in the soil so as to effectually get under the roots and tear them out and bring them to the surface. If necessary put on four mules, and run the plow so as to cut and tear the roots loose in the soil. Then, if you will run a heavy harrow over the land, or, better still, some form of cultivator that has curved teeth on the same principle used in many corn cultivators, you will be able to gather the roots together in bunches on top of the ground, and after allowing them to dry awhile you can burn and destroy them effectually. Of all the methods I have ever seen and tried this has proven to be the most satisfactory, and I am sure it will work well under proper conditions, for I have seen a number of fields literally infested with sassafras cleaned up as suggested. Lime and salt will not destroy sassafras roots from what I know of this pest, and I agree with you in believing that if enough lime were used to be of service that it would be more or less likely to injure the trees growing on the land.—A. M. Soule.

Improving Corn by Selection of Seed.

H. C. R. Claxton, writes: "I would like to know what you think of the value of seed selection for corn."

Answer: There is no doubt but that the yield of corn can be increased through judicious selection so as to obtain a strain that will be more prolific than many varieties now grown. In experiments I have made I have noted that where 8000 stalks were planted to the acre not more than 6000 ears were sometimes harvested; whereas, in other plots with an equal number of stalks as many as 9500 ears were harvested. It is easy to see, therefore, that some varieties are more prolific than others, and as a matter of fact, there are quite a number of stalks in practically all corn fields which are barren. These stalks are large enough to produce a heavy ear and would often do if the variety were selected so as to avoid any sterile stalks. Corn breeding may be compared in importance to animal breeding; just as striking and valuable results can be obtained by giving care to selecting desirable strains of corn as have resulted in the systematic effort to develop a trotter of phenomenal speed in America. The analogy in the two instances is complete and would answer your question as fully as pages of facts of similar importance.—Professor Soule.

Low Headed Trees.

The old style orchard was often high headed, with the limbs well up out of the way. The idea was to train the tree so high that teams could be driven under and to keep the limbs above the reach of cattle. Now that these items are of less importance to most orchardists the tendency is in the opposite direction, until J. H. Hale asks pertinently: "What's the use of a trunk anyway?" It may be said in favor of the low down tree that the fruit may be picked at considerably less cost and is not so likely to be blown off by the wind. Spraying is also less difficult. It is in many ways the better tree for those who do not cultivate directly under large trees and who keep cattle away from the orchard. In a row of the summer apples the trees were cut back much shorter than in many orchards, consequently the limbs are sturdy enough to hold the fruit without bending. These trees averaged about four cases to the tree. The trees branch out about eight or ten inches from the ground.

Keep Ducklings Dry.

It is claimed that the Pekin duck will thrive well without ponds. It is true that the ducklings can be more easily raised away from ponds or streams than when allowed to have access thereto, but this is due to the fact that most of the ducklings are hatched with incubators during the winter season, when the cold waters of the pond would chill them and cause loss. Young ducks will thrive better if they are kept away from the ponds until they are well feathered, but despite all claims in favor of the Pekin ducks as being adapted to dry locations, my experience is that the adult ducks are more contented when they have a pond. Like all aquatic birds, they enjoy the water, and they will thrive on an open field away from water (except for drinking), yet they give the best results when they have the privileges of a pond.

Remedy for Potato Bugs.

Here is a true and tried remedy to use for potato bugs: Take the boughs of the cedar tree, limbs and all, cut them up and put into a pot and boil for two hours. When cool apply with a broom on the potato vines. The writer has tried the above receipt, and it killed or made the bugs move from his patch.—Polk County News.

News of the Day.

The famous tapestries of the Palace of Fontainebleau have been cut and slashed until they are almost in shreds, and the sculptures and carved wood mantelpieces have been chipped in scores of places. The damage, aside from that to the tapestries, is estimated at \$85,000.

The annual encampment of West Virginia militia began near Parkersburg.

Pointed Paragraphs.

A custom house officer at Yarmouth, England, the other day saved the life of a boy who had got off a quay into the sea, and found he was a boy whose life he had saved in a similar manner twice before.

"Jumbo Junior," a tiny elephant that is now the pet of London, was dined by "some fair Americans" at a restaurant on August 3, and afterward "entertained" the company with favorite airs on the mouth organ.

Reflections of a Bachelor.

If a woman is afraid of a man it is a sign she isn't married to him.

With a tombstone epitaph the trouble is that it comes too late in the game to enable a man to borrow money on the strength of it.

If the ministers preached how wrong it was to go to church on Sunday there would be millions of men who would insist on going.

RAW ITCHING ECZEMA

Itches on Hands, Ears and Ankles For Three Years—Instant Relief and Speedy Cure by Cuticura.

"Thanks to Cuticura I am now rid of that fearful pest, weeping eczema, for the first time in three years. It first appeared on my hand, a little pimple, growing into several blotches, and then on my ears and ankles. They were exceedingly painful, itching, and always raw. After the first day's treatment with Cuticura Soap, Ointment and Pills, there was very little of the burning and itching, and the cure now seems to be complete. (Signed) S. B. Hege, Passenger Agent B. & O. R. R., Washington, D. C."

Raising a family is 99 per cent. condition and 1 per cent. theory, with the parents firm believers that the figures are the other way round.

FITS permanently cured. No fits or nervousness after first day's use of Dr. Kline's Great Nerve Restorer, \$2.00 a bottle and treatise free. Dr. R. H. Kline, Ltd., 931 Arch St., Phila., Pa.

There is a village in Wales which bears the name of Nowhere.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for Children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic, 25c a bottle.

The Japanese "Hello!" at the telephone is "Moshi Moshi!" or "Ano ne!"

Do not believe Piso's Cure for Consumption has an equal for coughs and colds.—John F. Byrne, Trinity Springs, Ind., Feb. 15, 1900.

Japanese chopsticks are delivered to the guest in a decorated envelope.

Yellow Fever and Malaria Germs Are instantly killed by the use of six drops of Sloan's Liniment on a teaspoonful of sugar. It is also an excellent antiseptic.

Prisoners of war are never spared in Morocco; they are beheaded.

Verse.

To talk with the wild brook of all the long ago;

To whisper the wood wind of things we used to know

When we were old companions, before my heart knew woe.

To walk with the morning and watch its rose unfold;

To drowse with the noontide, lulled on its heart of gold;

To lie with the night-time and dream the dreams of old.

To tell to the old trees, and to each listening leaf,

The longing, the yearning, as in my boyhood brief,

The old hope, the old love, would ease my heart of grief.

The old lane, the old gate, the old house by the tree,

The wild wood, the wild brook—they will not let me be;

In boyhood I knew them, and still they call to me.

—Madison Cawein, in the Criticon.

Marriage and Divorce in Japan.

They marry early and often in Japan. A man aged forty, living in the province of Bizen, has married and divorced thirty-five wives, and is now married to a thirty-sixth. The reason he assigns for his extraordinary fickleness is that he has a younger sister of extremely rancorous and jealous disposition, who, from the moment a new bride enters the house, institutes a system of persecution which soon drives the unhappy woman to ask her husband for a divorce, which is an easy and inexpensive process in the land of the Rising Sun.—London T. A. T.

Drove into Swarm of Bees.

Joshua Willits, mail carrier between Wrightstown and Bordertown, one afternoon, near Chesterfield, drove into a swarm of bees.

The horse, wagon and the driver were literally covered with bees, and Willits thinks it was nothing short of a miracle that himself and horse were not stung to death.—Bordertown correspondence Philadelphia Telegraph.

The church will have to love folks more and figure less to win the world.

WRONG SORT

Perhaps Plain Old Meat, Potatoes and Bread May Be Against You For a Time.

A change to the right kind of food can lift one from a sick bed. A lady in Welden, Ill., says:

"Last spring I became bedfast with severe stomach trouble accompanied by sick headache. I got worse and worse until I became so low I could scarcely retain any food at all, although I tried every kind. I had become completely discouraged, had given up all hope and thought I was doomed to starve to death, till one day my husband trying to find something I could retain brought home some Grape-Nuts.

"To my surprise the food agreed with me, digested perfectly and without distress. I began to gain strength at once, my flesh (which had been flabby) grew firmer, my health improved in every way and every day, and in a very few weeks I gained 20 pounds in weight. I liked Grape-Nuts so well that for 4 months I ate no other food, and always felt as well satisfied after eating as if I had sat down to a fine banquet.

"I had no return of the miserable sick stomach nor of the headaches that I used to have when I ate other food. I am now a well woman, doing all my own work again, and feel that life is worth living.

"Grape-Nuts food has been a godsend to my family; it surely saved my life and my two little boys have thriven on it wonderfully." Name given by Postum Co., Battle Creek, Mich.

There's a reason. Get the little book, "The Road to Wellville," in each pkg.

THE TURN OF LIFE

A Time When Women Are Susceptible to Many Dread Diseases—Intelligent Women Prepare for It. Two Relate their Experience.

The "change of life" is the most critical period of a woman's existence, and the anxiety felt by women at this time invites disease and pain.

Every woman who neglects the care of her health at this time invites disease and pain. When her system is in a deranged condition, or she is predisposed to apoplexy, or congestion of any organ, the tendency is at this period likely to become active—and with a host of nervous irritations, make life a burden. At this time, also, cancers and tumors are more liable to form and begin their destructive work.

Such warning symptoms as sense of suffocation, hot flashes, headaches, backaches, dread of impending evil, timidity, sounds in the ears, palpitation of the heart, sparks before the eyes, irregularities, constipation, variable appetite, weakness and inquietude, and dizziness, are promptly heeded by intelligent women who are approaching the period in life when woman's great change may be expected.

These symptoms are all just so many calls from nature for help. The nerves are crying out for assistance and the cry should be heeded in time.

Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound was prepared to meet the needs of woman's system at this trying period of her life. It invigorates and strengthens the female organism and builds up the weakened nervous system. It has carried thousands of women safely through this crisis.

For special advice regarding this important period women are invited to write to Mrs. Pinkham at Lynn, Mass., and it will be furnished absolutely free of charge.

Read what Lydia E. Pinkham's Compound did for Mrs. Hyland and Mrs. Hinkle:

Dear Mrs. Pinkham:—"I had been suffering with falling of the womb for years and was passing through the Change of Life. My womb was badly swollen; my stomach was sore; I had dizzy spells, sick headaches, and was very nervous."

Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound Succeeds Where Others Fail.

Dead soldiers draw no pensions.

Watching the Southland.

We are promised an entertaining and valuable series of articles under the head of "The Great Southland" to appear soon in the National Daily Review. A staff writer for the paper is just completing a tour which has extended over half a dozen States.

This is recognition from the northwest which will be of value to the South. The Daily Review is a comparatively new \$1-a-year daily newspaper published in Chicago—a condensed news review as the basis for a daily paper that is essentially clean and uplifting. It has had marvelous success and its circulation reaches into almost every State.

The appearance of this series will be welcomed. We are assured the articles will be in sympathetic spirit and will be given an immense circulation.

The Daily Review is unique in its wonderfully low price and the fact that it is so edited as to be readable in any part of the country. The essential news is summarized and the paper has features which make it valuable in any home.

A Frame House 100 Years Old.

A frame house can be kept in good order for a hundred years, if painted with the Longman & Martinez L. & M. Paint. It need not be painted more than once in ten to fifteen years because the L. & M. Zinc hardens the L. & M. White Lead, and gives it enormous life.

Four gallons Longman & Martinez L. & M. Paint mixed with three gallons linseed oil will paint a house.

W. B. Barr, Charleston, W. Va., writes: "Painted Frankenburg Block with L. & M. stands out as though varnished."

Sold everywhere and by Longman & Martinez, New York. Paint Makers for Fifty Years.

A serum for hay fever is used by physicians in the Island of Heligoland.

Wise farmers never attempt to raise their crops in the political field.

LOST 72 POUNDS.

Was Fast Drifting Into the Fatal Stages of Kidney Sickness.

Dr. Melvin M. Page, Page Optical Co., Erie, Pa., writes: "Taking too many iced drinks in New York in 1895

sent me home with a terrible attack of kidney trouble. I had acute congestion, sharp pain in the back, headaches and attacks of dizziness. My eyes gave out, and with the languor and sleeplessness of the disease upon me I wasted from 194 to 122 pounds. At the time I started using Doan's Kidney Pills an abscess was forming on my right kidney. The trouble was quickly checked, however, and the treatment cured me, so that I have been well since 1896 and weigh 188 pounds."

Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y.

For sale by all druggists. Price, 50 cents per box.

Jets and Flashes.

On the day a man discovers that he is a fool he begins to acquire wisdom.

So many of us are anxious to do away with vices—in our neighbors.

Culture enables one to dodge the pronunciation of depot by calling it station.

Most people are opposed to every thing of doubtful propriety that cannot be concealed.



Mrs. A.E.G. Hyland

"I wrote you for advice and commenced treatment with Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound as you directed, and I am happy to say that all those distressing symptoms left me and I have passed safely through the Change of Life, a well woman. I am recommending your medicine to my friends."—Mrs. Annie E. G. Hyland, Chester-town, Md.

Another Woman's Case.

"During change of life words cannot express what I suffered. My physician said I had a cancerous condition of the womb. One day I read some of the testimonials of women who had been cured by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, and I decided to try it and to write you for advice. Your medicine made me a well woman, and all my bad symptoms soon disappeared."

"I advise every woman at this period of life to take your medicine and write you for advice."—Mrs. Lizzie Hinkle, Salem, Ind.

What Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound did for Mrs. Hyland and Mrs. Hinkle it will do for any woman at this time of life.

It has conquered pain, restored health, and prolonged life in cases that utterly baffled physicians.

Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound Succeeds Where Others Fail.

Dead soldiers draw no pensions.

CONSTITIATION

"For over nine years I suffered with chronic constipation and during that time I had to take injections of warm water every 24 hours before I could have an action on my bowels. Happily I tried Cascarets, and today I am well, and I am free from all that this morning. You can use this in behalf of suffering humanity."—B. F. Fisher, Rockville, Ill.



Best for The Bowels

THEY WORK WHILE YOU SLEEP

Pleasant, Palatable, Potent, Taste Good, Do Good, Never Sickens, Weakens or Crises, Laxative, Sold in Bulk. The genuine tablet stamp is guaranteed to cure or your money back.

Sterling Remedy Co., Chicago or N.Y. 603

ANNUAL SALE, TEN MILLION BOXES



PAXTINE TOILET ANTISEPTIC

FOR WOMEN

troubled with ill-pilular to their sex, used as a douche is marvelously successful. Thoroughly cleanses, kills disease germs, stops discharges, heals inflammation, relieves soreness, cures leucorrhoea and nasal catarrh.

Paxtine is in powder form to be dissolved in pure water, and is far more cleansing, healing, germicidal and economical than liquid antiseptics for all

TOILET AND WOMEN'S SPECIAL USES

For sale at druggists, 50 cents a box.

Trial Box and Book of Instructions Free.

THE R. PAXTON COMPANY BOSTON, MASS.

FOR THE LIVER AND BOWELS

NOTHING CAN EQUAL

MOZLEY'S LEMON ELIXIR

IT PROMPTLY CURES CONSTIPATION

SILIBUNESS, INDIGESTION, SOUR STOMACH AND ALL DERANGEMENTS OF THE

STOMACH AND BOWELS. 50 CENTS A BOTTLE AT ALL DRUG STORES.

THE DAISY FLY KILLER

It destroys all flies and all other

pests in the house, in the stable, in the

garage, in the barn, in the field, in the

pasture, in the woods, in the mountains,

and in all places where flies are troublesome.

It is a powerful and effective fly killer, and will not only kill the flies, but will also prevent them from coming back.

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